

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No. 56, Vol. 4.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1864.

Price 6d. or 12 cts.

THIS JOURNAL is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning, and is sent by Mail and Express to all parts of these Colonies, Washington Territory, Oregon, California, the Eastern States, and Great Britain.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, AUG. 27, 1864.
THE VICTORIANS AND THEIR GOVERNOR.

When our neighbors were going mad over the arrival of their new Governor, a few short months ago, we predicted a reaction. During the first few days Governor Kennedy's every motion or word afforded a pretext for lavishing the most silly praise upon their new found idol. Of course, according to the very nature of things, that could not last long. But it should never have been. The people of Victoria ought to have been content to accord a respectful and loyal welcome to their new Governor, reserving praise until it had been fairly earned, instead of lavishing it upon one who was altogether untried, and who, so far as they could know, was just as liable to prove a bad Governor as a good one. Now we find, as might be expected of such people, that two papers out of the three have recently been censuring Governor Kennedy's policy in no measured terms, and it is rumored that the third paper only defends that policy because its Editor has "an axe to grind." There is no doubt that Governor Kennedy has his faults. And who has not? We think he is, perhaps, a little too outspoken in his honest, Irish bluntness; and sometimes lets slip remarks which would be better unsaid. But who would not prefer that extreme to the opposite? After making due discount for his faults, Governor Kennedy will stand a very favorable comparison with the average of Colonial Governors; and we honestly think our neighbors ought to feel thankful that they have been so fortunate as to get such a Governor. We confess to having envied their good fortune until we felt assured that we had got a still better one.

The act of hastily calling the Legislature together has set the Colonists' bristles all on end; but really we confess that if the question of precedent—which, after all, does not amount to much in a little Colony like the Island—is left out of sight there is nothing at all amiss in the proceeding. Almost ever since the discovery of gold on the Sooke we have observed much fault found in the Victoria press with the anomalous position in which the Governor is placed, in having to legislate, single handed, in all matters connected with the mines, and the very course which His Excellency now recommends to the Legislature has been suggested by the local prints. Why then all this fuss about the precipitancy of the movement? Who is going to be hurt or inconvenienced by it? Everybody knows that the representatives(?) of the whole Colony live in and around Victoria, to whom four days notice is just as good as four months. Why then make such a howl about the terrible danger which threatens the Colony? The thing is really too absurd to be treated seriously. It does not require more than ordinary penetration to see that the Governor has a two-fold object in convening the Legislature at the present juncture, and for which he conceives the moment to be opportune. Recent discoveries have transformed the Crown lands, which a few weeks ago were pronounced not an equivalent for the Governor's salary, into a thing to be desired—eagerly grasped at; and therefore it is presumed that the Legislature will now do with avidity what they so recently stabbled, though unwisely, refused to do. A similar cause appears to have produced a wonderful change in public opinion respecting the desirability of a union with this Colony. While they prated of their poverty and inability to pay their own Civil List, until they were really brought to believe it all true, union was their hobby; but now that they have the richest Colony over which Queen Victoria sways her sceptre, India only excepted, (1) the desire for union has ceased, and the Governor, evidently opposed to union himself, very properly and shrewdly strikes while the iron is hot—asks the Legislature to settle the vexed question while the Sooke fever is at its height. Should the discovery of Sooke do nothing more than lead to a happy disposal of these two questions it will indeed have served a great end, for upon these two rocks the ship of State has been well nigh wrecked. So long as they refuse to accept the Crown lands and assume their own Civil List they occupy a false position with the Imperial Government and tacitly proclaim the worthlessness of the natural resources of the Colony; and so long as they howl for union with British Columbia, just so long will they neglect their own resources. Let them give up all these foolish phantoms and impracticable hobbies, and devote themselves with zeal and unanimity to the development of their own resources and there will be little for them to covet.

New Advertisements.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us, the undersigned, carrying on business under the name of SIMPSON & DANIELSON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; and from this date the business will be carried on by CHARLES DANIELSON who will collect all debts due to, and pay all liabilities of, the late firm of Simpson & Danielson. As witness our hands this 15th day of July, 1864.

Witness,
HARRY SAWYERS. CHARLES DANIELSON.
Quesselle Mouth, July 15, 1864. j727 1m

IMPORTANT!

THE SUBSCRIBER, being anxious to get back once more into civilization, offers for sale his Farm, situated on the south side of the Fraser, opposite New Westminster. It contains ONE HUNDRED acres, has an Orchard of 300 choice Fruit Trees, five years old, which, if the world stand, and the seasons continue, will bear a large crop of Fruit next year. To any one who has confidence in the future of New Westminster, it offers great inducements to purchase, as it will be sold at a low figure. For particulars apply to

JAMES KENNEDY. j730 3m

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the inhabitants of New Westminster, and the public, that he is always ready to attend any orders for MASONRY WORK in Brick, Stone or Plastering. Furnaces, Grates and Kilns particularly attended to. Any person requiring work in the above line will please leave their orders at the Office of Geo. Hooper, Auctioneer.

JONATHAN MOREY. j29 2c

DOUGLAS-LILLOOET ROUTE.

PEMBERTON HOUSE, PORT PEMBERTON!

THIS OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE is now kept by the undersigned, who guarantees that its past reputation as a FIRST CLASS HOTEL shall be well maintained by him; and he is desirous of securing to the public that amount of comfort and accommodation for both ladies and gentlemen that the traveler both desires and expects. He will further guarantee that no one shall leave his house without getting "value received" for his money, and that in the shape of a good meal, good lodging, and attention to his wants at a fair remuneration.

There are also private rooms for families, and for those who desire them. There is a Bar attached to the house, with good Liquors, Cigars, etc., and a Baggage table for their use and diversion. The undersigned hopes for a fair share of patronage, and that the merits of this route, in the accommodation, ease and quickness of travel which it affords, will be appreciated by the travelling public.

WILLIAM SMITH. a13 1c

Grouse Creek Flume Co., Limited.

NOTICE OF CALL.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of the above Company, held this day, a third Call of Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per share was levied, payable to the Secretary on or before the 15th instant.

J. P. CRANFORD, Secretary. a13 1m

Victoria, V. I., August 6th, 1864.

COAL OIL! COAL OIL!!

JUST RECEIVED, from San Francisco direct, 500 gals. No. 1 Chicopee Coal Oil, in first rate order, which we will sell to traders at lower prices than it can be laid down here from Victoria.

PICHT & HOYT. a13 1c

N. B.—We shall always have a stock of the same on hand.

New Westminster, April 1, 1864. ap2c

PICHT & HOYT,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Spirits, Wines, Ales and Segars.

BRANDIES—French, H. & F. Martell, Pelevoisin and American in bulk and cases;
RUM—Jamaica and other brands;
WHISKEY—Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Monongahela in bulk and cases;
GIN—Holland in bulk and cases;
OLD TOM—Different brands;
WINE—Port, Sherry, California wines, various brands;
CHAMPAGNE, PORTER & ALES—Different brands;
SYRUPS & BITTERS—All kinds;
HAWAIIA SEGARS—Different brands.

PICHT & HOYT,

New Westminster, B. C.,

BREWERS & MALTSTERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Brewer Stock,

DISTILLERS,

AND DEALERS IN

DOUBLE REFINED SPIRITS,

40° over proof, superior to any;

—ALSO—

REFINED ALCOHOL

In Tins, 95 per cent. ap2c

New Advertisements.

EXPRESS.

DIETZ & NELSON'S

British Columbia & Victoria Express,

CONNECTING AT VICTORIA WITH

Wells Fargo & Co.,

FOR

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, ATLANTIC STATES & EUROPE;

AND AT YALE AND LILLOOET WITH

BARNARD'S CARIBOO EXPRESS,

FOR

Cariboo and the Northern Mines.

CONVEYING Treasure, Valuables, Letters, Packages and Parcels;

PURCHASING of Drafts and Bills of Exchange from Wells Fargo & Co., and other Banking Houses;

COLLECTING Drafts, Notes of Hand, Debts, &c.

EXECUTING Commissions, Orders, Enquiries;

FORWARDING of Merchandise, Packages, Parcels, &c;

ATTENDING to the Registration of Mortgages, Deeds, and other Documents, the Assaying of Gold Dust, Silver and other Ores;

PARTICULAR attention given to the purchasing of Goods at New Westminster, B. C., and Victoria, V. I., on the most favorable terms, and shipping to destination;

LANDING WARRANTS Prepared and Goods passed through the Custom House without delay.

New Westminster, March 13th, 1863. ma14 1c



THE

LARGEST, FINEST

—AND—

CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

—AND—

SILVER-WARE,

—AT—

JUNGERMAN'S,

mh23 YATES ST., VICTORIA, V. I. 6m

LOCHLOMOND HOUSE!

AT THE

Seventy-four-mile Post

ON THE

Lillooet-Alexander Road.

THE PROPRIETOR calls the attention of travellers to Cariboo to this House, which is just opened for the travelling public, where Good Meals can be had at all hours, with all the delicacies of the season.

THE BAR

will contain CIVILITY, and the best

LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

This is the first house within 15 miles where good water can be obtained, and being 27 miles above the Junction, affords a comfortable and convenient stopping place.

Packers, Stagers and Teamsters are informed that they will find good stabling and the best of provender, as well as an excellent run for cattle on the grounds.

The strictest attention will be paid to the comfort of those who may patronize the Lochlomond House.

JOHN MURPHY.

Lochlomond, British Columbia, March, 1863. 1c

THE ORIGINAL

PIONEER

GOVERNMENT BAKERY

Lytton Square, New Westminster.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having taken over the above business from Mr. P. Hick, hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of public patronage.

Orders for Weddings and Parties promptly attended to.

W. HARVEY. de5-1c

New Westminster, Dec. 4, 1863.

New Advertisements.

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

—0000—

Messrs. Grelley Brothers

Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

—000—

In connection with the above they have opened a Store

stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINE, LIQUORS,

PORTER, RUM,

BRANDIES, SYRUPS,

CIDER, BITTERS, &c.

CORDIALS, which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case

—ALSO—

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS,

Havana, Manila and Cheroots.

New Westminster, July 18, 1862. j719

In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice

—OF—

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that the Court, acting in the prosecution of a petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 1st day of April, 1864, against JACOB ROSE and N. T. PETERSEN of Lillooet, in the Colony of British Columbia, Dealers and Chapman, did, on the 9th day of July, inst., allow the said Jacob Rose a certificate of the second class, and that such certificate will be delivered to the said Bankrupt on the 1st day of September next, at Richfield, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court. Richfield, 13th July, 1864. j729 1m

CITY BAKERY

—AND—

COFFEE SALOON.

—000—

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the

Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets,

where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes,

supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JOSEPH SOREL. ma4

New Westminster, March 3, 1863.

THE

COLONIAL HOTEL

—AND—

RESTAURANT.

FRONT STREET,

FORT YALE, B. C.

—000—

THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT, having been newly fitted up at a great expense, is ready for the reception of the public.

The BAR will contain the choicest Liquors, while the TABLE will be constantly supplied with the substantial as well as the delicacies of the season.

N. B.—Good, clean Sleeping Apartments connected with the Hotel.

L. DAVISON, Manager. ma28-1c

Fort Yale, B.C., March 27th, 1863.

JOHN MURRAY

BEGS LEAVE to call the attention of his friends and the public to the

CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK

—OF—

FAMILY GROCERIES

which he has just opened, and which he is prepared to sell at the

Lowest Possible Prices,

FOR CASH.

JOHN MURRAY,

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

Victoria Advertisements.

THE Royal Insurance Company.

—FOR—

Fire & Life Insurance.

CAPITAL Ten Million Dollars!

HEAD OFFICES,—Liverpool and London.

CHAIRMAN,

Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN,

Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY,

PERCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED the UNDERSIGNED their Agents for

Vancouver Island & British Columbia,

and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the

Fire and Life Departments.

They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles on which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage.

James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.

ANDERSON & CO.,

Wharf Street, Victoria, 20th January, 1863. ja24

BALMORAL SEED STORE

—AND—

Nursery Depot,

FORT STREET.

MY STOCK OF SEEDS, TREES, PLANTS, &c., being now very complete, Farmers and Merchants are invited to call and examine for themselves. Country and British Columbia Merchants supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having been appointed Agent for some of the Largest Importers and Best Manufacturers of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES in San Francisco, is prepared to supply all sorts of Agricultural Implements and Machines at a small advance on San Francisco prices. Parties wanting Patent Hay Presses, Mowing and Reaping Machines, Fanning Mills, Ploughs, Harrows, Scythes or any other Implement or Machine will do well to send their orders. Parties ordering will require to remit with the order about one-fifth of the value of the machine to pay Freight.

J. BEGG, ap18 1c

Balmoral Nursery Depot, Fort St., Victoria.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE, AND

Oilman's Stores,

Would call the particular attention of Up-river Merchants, Steamboat Owners and others to his Stock, and ascertain the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Fresh Garden Seeds just received and for sale.

W. J. ARMSTRONG.

New Westminster, March 27th, 1863. ma28-1c

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

—0000—

HENRY HOLBROOK,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

LIVERPOOL WHARF,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

BONDED AND FREE STORAGE for 600 tons Goods. Every accommodation given to Goods landed on the Liverpool Wharf, for shipment up river.

A large assortment of Goods for sale at Victoria prices, with the duty added.

NOTICE.

AFTER THIS DATE, URIAH NELSON & CO. ARE not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tins.

URIAH NELSON & CO. my4 1c

Port Douglas, May 2, 1864.

ANDERSON & Co.,

HAVE NOW IN STOCK and will keep continuously on hand

Byass Porter and Ale, Martell and other Brandy, Scotch Whiskey, Rum, &c.

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

August 27, 1864.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.
This journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d. or 10¢. Terms per quarter, 18s. or \$2.50; half-yearly, 35s. or \$5.00; and yearly \$10s. or \$12.50. Subscriptions must be paid in advance.
Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Messrs. Clarkson & Co., Columbia Street.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, \$2 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, \$3 per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.
Advertisements in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.
All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.
All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Take Notice—James Chapman.
Notice—C. J. Prichard.
Notice—Franklin Roberts.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, AUG. 27, 1864.

THINGS ARE NOT AS THEY WERE.

Although comparisons are said to be odious yet they are not always unprofitable. A comparison of the present administration of the affairs of this Colony with the past is calculated to beget feelings of gratitude and political content. A few years, or, indeed, a few months, ago who would have dreamed of the murder of a few whites by the Indians calling forth such a demonstration in vindication of the law as this Colony has recently witnessed? One of H. M. gunboats might possibly have been dispatched somewhere, and we might have heard of a naval demonstration against an Indian village, without the slightest reference to its inhabitants being concerned in the murder, with a flourish of trumpets over the old and superannuated Indians and squaws, with a large percentage of papooses, who were killed or wounded in the grand and successful operation! How all this is changed now. Not only are the most thorough measures promptly taken for the apprehension of the murderers, but the most careful discrimination between the guilty and the innocent must be observed, and thus the Indians are made to see, with astonishment, an entirely new phase in British law. According to the *lex talionis* of the Indian it matters but little whether the victim be the guilty individual so long as he belongs to the same tribe. Nor, until recently, had they an opportunity of knowing that, in this respect, British law differed essentially from their own. Is it surprising, therefore, that His Excellency the Governor should have experienced considerable difficulty in convincing the Indians in the Chilcaton country that he was not making war upon them as a people, but simply seeking out certain guilty members of the tribe? And who can estimate the salutary effects of all this upon the Indian mind? Formerly if an Indian committed an outrage upon the whites the quarrel, as it was deemed, was at once espoused by his tribe, and he received their sympathy and protection. But, once explain and illustrate the difference between British law and their own, respecting this point, and the Indian will very quickly perceive and appreciate the superiority of the former. We look, therefore, upon this as a sort of redeeming feature in the Bute massacre, that it has afforded the Governor an excellent opportunity of most forcibly illustrating to the Indian tribes the great superiority of British law, and his determination and ability to enforce it under the most untoward circumstances of which we can well conceive.

But the happy change in the manner of administering the affairs of British Columbia is not confined to our dealings with the aborigines. During the six years that Governor Douglas administered the affairs of this Colony he never succeeded in penetrating to the interior. We believe he once started for Cariboo, but on reaching the Bonaparte river became discouraged and turned back; and as for the Bentinck and Bute routes he was in as profound ignorance respecting them, so far at least as personal observation goes, as we are about the geography of the moon. How very different is it now. Before Governor Seymour has been in charge as many months as his predecessor was years he has not only personally examined the two coast routes alluded to, but he has crossed the Colony from its northern seaboard, passed through the great Indian territory and visited our most remote gold fields! And we understand that a few days will see the Hon. Colonial Secretary off for the Kootenais country. All this is as it should be. The advantages of a Governor making himself personally familiar with the country and people whose interests are, for the nonce, entrusted to him, are not easily estimated. We look with deep interest to the projected visit to the Kootenais country. Too much importance can hardly be attached to new diggings which, although discovered only a few months ago, have in all probability by this time attracted a population of seven or eight thousand souls.

New Advertisements.

TAKE NOTICE

THAT on and after this date I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by either of my partners on account of Goulson & Co., without my consent.
JAMES CHAPMAN.
Tenassee Lake, B. C., Aug. 24, 1864. au27tc

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received until 11 a. m. on Saturday, September 3rd, for the erection of a DRILL SHED for the use of the New Westminster Volunteer Rifle Corps. Plans and Specifications may be seen at Clarkson & Co.'s Book-store. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
au27td C. J. PRICHARD, Capt. Commanding.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS are hereby cautioned against buying or in any other way negotiating for the property of GOULDING & CO., Lillooet Lake, B. C., consisting of the steamers *Prince of Wales*, *Marsella*, sailing boats and all property belonging to the firm, as I, the undersigned, hold a duly registered Mortgage on the whole property.
FRANKLIN ROBERTS.
Anderson Lake, B. C., August, 1864. au27 1w

NOTICE.
RETIRED FROM BUSINESS.

ALL PARTIES indebted to J. A. WEBSTER are requested to settle their accounts on or before the 1st September; and all parties having claims against him are requested to present the same for settlement.
New Westminster, August 19, 1864. au20td

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between H. M. Cohen, J. B. Chancellor and E. David has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.
All debts due by the late firm will be paid by J. B. Chancellor and E. David, at the Brewery, Barkerville, who shall also receive all debts due to the late firm.
H. M. COHEN.
J. B. CHANCELLOR.
EDWARD DAVID.
Richfield, July 1, 1864. au20 1m

THE BANK

BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL, \$1,250,000.

IN 12,500 SHARES OF \$100 EACH.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER—Bank of British Columbia.

QUESNELLE MOUTH—Ditto.

CAMERONTON, CARIBOO—Ditto.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND.

VICTORIA—Bank of British Columbia.

NANAIMO—Ditto.

IN THE UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO—Bank of British Columbia.

PORTLAND (Oregon)—Messrs. Ladd & Tilton.

NEW YORK—Messrs. Maitland, Phelps & Co.

IN CANADA.

MONTREAL—Messrs. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.

IN ENGLAND.

National Provincial Bank of England.

North and South Wales Bank, Liverpool.

IN SCOTLAND.

British Linen Company Bank.

IN IRELAND.

Union Bank of Ireland.

LONDON OFFICE—80 Lombard Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, bearing interest, issued for money lodged for fixed periods.

BILLS DISCOUNTED AND COLLECTED; and BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for goods shipped to the Colonies.

GOVERNMENT and other SECURITIES received for safe custody; Interest and Dividends Collected; Duties paid on goods in bond.

GOLD DUST & BARS PURCHASED.

Received on Deposit, or advances made upon them.

D. M. LANG, Acting Manager.

New Westminster, August, 1864. au29tc

DOUGLAS-LILLOOET ROUTE.

PEMBERTON HOUSE, PORT PEMBERTON!

THIS OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE is now kept by the undersigned, who guarantees that its past reputation as a FIRST CLASS HOTEL shall be well maintained by him; and he is desirous of securing to the public that amount of comfort and accommodation for both ladies and gentlemen that the traveller both desires and expects. He will further guarantee that no one shall leave his house without getting "value received" for his money, and that in the shape of a good meal, good lodging, and attention to his wants at a fair remuneration.

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au13tc WILLIAM SMITH.

IMPORTANT!

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JAMES KENNEDY.

New Westminster, July 29, 1864. jy30 3m

New Advertisements.

LONDON HOUSE.

JULY 21, 1864.

We have now ready our Large Stock of DRAPERY GOODS received by the "Royal Charlie;" they are all in perfect order, and in consequence of their late arrival will be Sold at very Low Prices for Cash. WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
J. H. TURNER & Co.,
au17 6, FORT STREET.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the inhabitants of New Westminster, and the public, that he is always ready to attend any orders for MASONRY WORK, in Brick, Stone or Plastering. Furnaces, Ovens and Kilns particularly attended to. Any person requiring work in the above line will please leave their orders at the office of Geo. Hooper, August 1st, 1864. JONATHAN MOREY. jy29tc

Grouse Creek Flume Co., Limited.

NOTICE OF CALL.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of the above Company, held this day, a third Call of Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per share was levied, payable to the Secretary on or before the 15th instant.

J. P. CRANFORD, Secretary.

Victoria, V. I., August 6th, 1864. au13 1m

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between us, the undersigned, carrying on business under the name of SIMPSON & DANIELSON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; and from this date the business will be carried on by CHARLES DANIELSON, who will collect all debts due to, and pay all liabilities of, the late firm of Simpson & Danielson. As witness our hands this 15th day of July, 1864.

G. W. SIMPSON.
HENRY SANDERS.
CHARLES DANIELSON.
Quesnelle Mouth, July 15, 1864. jy21 1m

NEW BOOKS

JUST RECEIVED AT

THE COLONIAL BOOK-STORE,

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

500 VOLUMES OF BOOKS treating of Law, Medicine, Religion, Agriculture, Masonry, Photography, Travels, &c., among which are—Rouse's

Conveyancer, Joint Stock Co.'s

Act, Laws of Bankruptcy, Magisterial Formulist,

Addison on Contracts, Buchanan's

Medicine, Episcopal and Catholic

Prayer Books, and Presbyterian Psalms,

Alcock's Japan, Masonic Text-Book, Masonic

Manual, Masonic Mystic Circle, Motter's Dutch

Republic, Bancroft's History of the United States, Pres-

cott's Histories, Speke's Africa, School Books, Cook

Books, Designs for Architects and Builders,

Wheeler's Series, Chambers' Book of

Days, Chambers' Encyclo-

pedia, Chambers' Biographical

Miscellany, Chambers' Traditions of

Edinburgh, Chambers' Popular

Rhymes, Chambers' History of Rebellion.

Also a number of Beautifully Illustrated Poetical Works suitable for presents.

ALSO,

Large Additions!

TO THE

STOCK OF STATIONERY.

CLARKSON & CO.

Antler Bed-rock Flume Co., Limited.

Notice of Call.

NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of the above Company held this day, a further Assessment of Five Dollars (\$5) per share was levied, to be paid at the Office of the Company on or before the 21st of August, 1864.

By Order, J. J. COCHRANE, Secretary.

Office—Government Street, Victoria, V. I., August 11, 1864. au13 1m

NOTICE.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that the Brick Building on Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the possession of Mr. THOMAS HARRIS, of Victoria, will, from and after this date, no longer be used as a Bonded Warehouse.

Custom House, July 29th, 1864.

THE ABOVE FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE WILL be open for General Storage after this date.

PIONEER WHARF, HARRIS & CO., New Westminster, August 5, 1864. au16tc

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.

J. A. R. HOMER.

New Advertisements.



COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
New Westminster, June 2nd, 1864.

IN PURSUANCE OF CERTAIN RESOLUTIONS OF the Legislative Council, passed during the late session, the Governor has authorized the following Premiums to be offered with the view of developing the resources of, and stimulating industry throughout, the Colony:—

1. A Premium of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS (£500) to be paid to any person or persons who shall be the first to show to the satisfaction of the Government that he or they have successfully worked by machinery a VEIN OF QUARTZ producing either Gold or Silver, within the Colony of British Columbia.

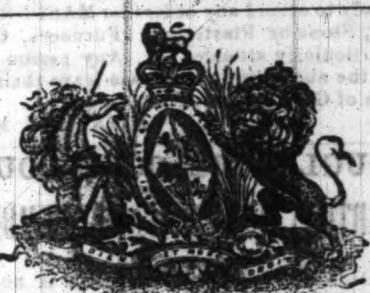
2. A Premium of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS (£500) to be paid to any person or persons who shall be the first to show to the satisfaction of the Government that he or they have successfully worked any COAL MINE within the Colony of British Columbia, and have done so for a period of not less than six months.

3. A Premium of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS (£500) to be paid to any person or persons who shall prove to the satisfaction of the Government that he or they have been the first to complete in a bona fide manner the building of a VESSEL, within the Colony of British Columbia, of not less than Five Hundred (500) tons burthen.

4. A Premium of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS (£500) to be paid to any person or persons who shall prove to the satisfaction of the Government that he or they have been the first to find any new ALLUVIAL MINING DISTRICT sufficiently extensive to give remunerative labor to Five Hundred (500) men for a period of not less than Six (6) months.

The Governor in Council to be the sole judge as to whether any of the above Premiums are to be awarded.

By His Excellency's command, ARTHUR N. BIRCH.



PROCLAMATION.

BUTE INLET MASSACRE!

A REWARD OF \$250

WILL BE PAID BY GOVERNMENT, UPON AND for the apprehension and conviction of every Indian or other person concerned as principal or accessory before the fact, to the murder of any of the fourteen Europeans, who were cut off by Indians, on or about the twenty-ninth and thirtieth days of April, now last past, in the Valley of the Homathcoo River, at Bute Inlet.

Dated Government House, New Westminster, 11th May, 1864.

By His Excellency's Command, ARTHUR N. BIRCH, Colonial Secretary.

COD SAVE THE QUEEN!

NOTICE.

I HEREBY WARN! all persons against purchasing the Steamer "HOPE" either at Sheriff's sale or otherwise, as the ownership of the same is absolutely vested in the Mortgagees, Guy Huston, Peter McQuade & Co., and John A. Mara.

M. W. T. DRAKE, Solicitor for Mortgagees.

New Westminster, June 1, 1864. jy4

LOCHLOMOND HOUSE!

AT THE

Seventy-four-mile Post

OF THE

Lillooet-Alexander Road.

THE PROPRIETOR calls the attention of travellers to Cariboo to this House, which is just opened for the travelling public, where Good Meals can be had at all hours, with all the delicacies of the season.

THE BAR

will contain CIVILITY, and the best

LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

This is the first house within 15 miles where good water can be obtained, and being 27 miles above the Junction, affords a comfortable and convenient stopping place.

Packers, Stagers and Teamsters are informed that they will find good stabling and the best of provender, as well as an excellent run for cattle on the grounds. The strictest attention will be paid to the comfort of those who may patronize the Lochlomond House.

JOHN MCURPHY.

Lochlomond, British Columbia, Yatch, 1863. 1c.

THE ORIGINAL

PIONEER

GOVERNMENT BAKERY

Lytton Square, New Westminster.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having taken over the above business from Mr. P. Hick, hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of public patronage.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

New Westminster, Dec. 4, 1863. W. HARVEY, de5-1c

COAL OIL! COAL OIL!!

JUST RECEIVED, from San Francisco direct, 500 J. gals. No. 1 Choice Coal Oil, in first rate order, which we will sell to traders at lower prices than it can be laid down here from Victoria.

PICHT & HOYT.

New Westminster, April 1, 1864. ap2tc

New Advertisements.

EXPRESS, FREIGHT

PASSENGER LINE

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Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

This Journal is the only newspaper published in British Columbia, and is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony. J. DUNN, in Victoria, and T. B. BROWN, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, AUG. 27, 1864.

Emigration from Barbados.

From a copy of *The West Indian*, a semi-weekly newspaper published in Barbados, and dated April 19th, 1864, we find that an organized movement exists, for promoting emigration of the redundant white population to British Columbia. In the paper alluded to we have a lengthy report of a meeting of the "British Columbian Association," held at Marshall's Hall, for the purpose of promoting the objects of that organization, from which it would appear that although New Zealand and Victoria were held up as inviting fields for the consideration of the people of Barbados, yet British Columbia has the preference; and the consequence is that a deputation of six persons has been selected from amongst those desirous of emigrating to this Colony, and that the necessary funds are being raised in the form of shares to enable the deputation to visit this Colony and report to the association. It appears also that another emigration scheme has been organized amongst the colored people of one of the parishes for the purpose of promoting emigration of that class to Jamaica. Under the auspices of this latter organization a party of 600 persons are understood to be on the eve of embarking for their new home. We have not the means of forming an opinion respecting the importance, numerically, of this emigration movement, or, indeed, of judging as to the suitability of that class proposing to come to seek a home amongst us. It may be remarked, however, that the island of Barbados is most densely populated, both by whites and blacks, so much so that the population is estimated at 800 persons to the square mile! Labor is abundant, but very cheap. Out of an area of 106,000 acres 100,000 are under cultivation! The land averages \$500 an acre. The kind of emigrants we want, and the class who will be most successful in British Columbia at its present stage, are undoubtedly strong armed, hard fisted, willing hearted, sober, industrious, persevering men, who will not be led away by every excitement, and who will be content to labor for reasonable wages or encounter the hardships and rough work incident to the pioneer settler in a new country. The "book-keepers and overseers" alluded to by the chairman of the meeting do not, we opine, belong to that class; and although we want an increase to our population, we fear these would not constitute a very desirable acquisition. Men of the right sort in coming to this country are sure of employment, of one kind or another, equivalent to sixty dollars a month for unskilled labor, while those who choose to settle upon land will ensure a competency, if not absolute affluence. As to the climate, it will doubtless prove a little trying at first to those accustomed to the hotter and drier atmosphere of the West India Islands. But that it will prove even more invigorating and agreeable to them after they become acclimated, we feel confident, as this point has been thoroughly tested by persons residing in this Colony, as well as on Vancouver Island, who emigrated from Barbados and other countries similar in point of climate. It is in view of such movements as the one alluded to that we would venture again to urge upon our Government the importance of at once adopting a land system by which every bona fide settler, being, or desiring to become, a British subject, can be placed in possession of a free homestead. This is done by other colonies; it is done by our immediate neighbors; and why should we hope to attract a population on less liberal terms than others? British Columbia is languishing for want of a population willing and able to till her millions of acres of rich, open land, and thereby supply our population with food, instead of, as now, having the great bulk of the produce of the gold mines pass into the hands of foreign producers. Let the Executive remove every obstacle out of the way of such an emigration. Let the Barbados deputation be able to go back and report that our Government is ready to give every man who is willing to make a good use of it a free grant of one hundred and sixty acres of land, together with one hundred acres for each of his sons, and we shall not only see an emigration of the right sort set in from that island, but from the old country and other colonies as well. We would recommend this subject to the consideration of the Select Committee appointed by the Legislature to consider the best means of promoting immigration.

ARRIVAL OF BARNARD'S EXPRESS.—One of Mr. Barnard's express stages arrived at Yale on Wednesday, bringing letters to the 19th inst., and ten passengers, but no treasure.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS for week ending, August 20th, 1864: Duties, £1034 19 1; harbour, £17 10 9; headmoney, £6 16; tonnage dues, £126 6. Total, £1186 0 3. Number of passengers entering at this port during same period, 34.

The Victoria Press and the "Tribune."

We have watched with feelings of amusement, not unmingled with disgust, the course pursued by the Victoria papers respecting the mismanagement attending the taking of H. M. war frigate *Tribune* out of the Fraser River a few weeks ago. While that ship was fast on the sands, south of the channel, these papers teemed with the grossest misrepresentation respecting her condition, bemoaning, with crocodile tears and mock loyalty, the loss of so fine a vessel. After she got off and steamed into Esquimalt, little if any the worse for the nautical bumbling, her arrival was barely chronicled, without an expression of joy for her safe deliverance or a word of regret or apology for having so grossly misrepresented the facts of the case. More recently these same papers, in alluding prospectively to the sailing of the *Tribune*, remarked that the injuries she had sustained at the mouth of the Fraser were, after all, very serious, and that she would be under the necessity of touching at San Francisco on her way to South America in order to undergo the necessary repairs. And now, to cap the climax of their unscrupulous and wilful misrepresentation, we find in files of Victoria papers brought up on Tuesday the announcement that the *Tribune* sailed for Panama, accompanied by the simple remark, "She will not touch at San Francisco." No less gross has been their misrepresentation of the character of the navigation of the Fraser, and the circumstances under which the *Tribune* got aground.

While upon this subject we would ask, what has become of the investigation into these circumstances? As the *Tribune* has left without any inquiry into the matter by the naval authorities it is presumable that they did not attach that importance to the affair which would demand investigation, although, according to the Victoria papers, it might cost Admiral Kingcome his commission and Lord Gifford his life! But although the naval authorities may not attach much importance to the stranding of the ship at the mouth of our harbor it does not follow that an investigation should not be instituted on the part of the Government. A Government pilot, in the pay of this Colony, was on board at the time, and it is very clear from what is already known that blame attaches either to him or to the officers belonging to the ship. As it stands now the affair may injure the character of the port where the circumstances are not understood, while the pilot lies under grave suspicion. It was the public street talk at the time that the pilot had been bribed by the people of Victoria to run the ship aground for the sole purpose of damaging the reputation of the port. But, be that as it may, both for the sake of the character of our navigation and the character of the pilot we trust the Executive will not blink the matter.

The Exploration Movement.

The first party, which started out a week ago on Wednesday, has, we fear, proved a partial failure. On reaching a point about ten miles above the head of Coquitlam Lake they abandoned the idea of going further in that direction, and retracing their steps, one of the party returned to the city on Thursday, the others remaining to prospect on the Coquitlam River, where we understand the indications are favorable. We are not aware of the reasons or circumstances which led to this abrupt deviation from the original programme. If anything worth while should be struck on the Coquitlam that circumstance will go far towards compensating the disappointment arising out of the abandonment of the original object. But while this result is calculated to damp the ardor of the prospecting spirit now abroad, we look with increased hope to the issue of Mr. John Hall's expedition up the Squamish River, and we would caution the public against being too easily disheartened. The practical failure of the first expedition does not at all lessen either the inducements or the necessity for renewed and persevering effort. Just look at the result of a similar movement on the neighboring Island of Vancouver. It is generally admitted that we have more favorable indications within twenty miles of this city than those possessed by the Sooke country. Let us then take courage from the success of our neighbors and not give up until the country around us has been thoroughly explored.

The following hasty note from Mr. John Hall will be interesting:—

NORTH FORK OF SQUAMISH RIVER,
Sunday morning, Aug. 21, 1864.

I have got some eight or ten miles above the Forks, and have just raised a color for the first time. I intend to push on to the head as fast as possible. The Indians are very uneasy, and I expect to be stopped at every rancho I come to. They continue to tell all kinds of stories to the Indians who are with me to turn us back. They deny that old Bok ever saw any gold on the river. He is up in the mountains now; it is doubtful if we find him. I do not believe one word they say, or that I am stopped in some other way. I will be at the head of the river in two or three days, and then I will see. I send this by an Indian who is going down to New Westminster.

Yours,
JOHN HALL.

ARRIVAL OF TREASURE.—Diets & Nelson's Express brought down \$14,000 yesterday, chiefly from Douglas.

Later from Cariboo.

Although by yesterday's express we are in possession of advices from Cariboo up to the 18th inst., yet there is nothing of interest to record. We noticed on Wednesday the accident with which Mr. Mathew recently met. The following note from his physician, the Hon. Dr. Black, contains information which will be interesting and gratifying to his numerous friends here:—

MOUTH OF QUESNELLE,
August 19th, 1864.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

Sir,—I am happy to inform you that Mr. Mathew is progressing well. His health keeps good, considering all things, and I trust he will soon be able to move round. The weather here is exceedingly hot. News dull from the Creek. The postal regulations here are anything but good. Everyone is complaining of them. When the boat came in this morning it was stated there was no mail, and in consequence of which a great disappointment was felt. This evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M., it was found to be on board, and a good deal of bother took place. In haste,

I remain yours truly,
A. W. S. BLACK.

VICTORIA ITEMS.—From files of Victoria papers brought up last night we glean the following: T. L. Wood, Esq., has received the appointment of Acting Attorney-General.—The Imperial Government decline to give the people of Vancouver Island an English judge until they pass that "pesky" Civil List.—The str. *Eliza Anderson* has been released.—A new semi-weekly paper is to be started in New Westminster to be called the *North Pacific Times and British Columbia Advertiser*—a pretty big name.—Both branches of the Legislature have come to the decision that the four days' notice in calling the session is unconstitutional, and fraught with danger to the liberties of the subject.—A dispatch from Downing Street was laid before the Parliament, declining to sanction the Telegraph Bill.—An explosion had taken place in the Douglas pit, Nanaimo, on the 18th, severely burning John and William Ogan.

THE BED-ROCK FLUME.—In our last impression, under the head of Cariboo news, we stated that "The bed-rock flume was considered a doubtful enterprise, inasmuch as it was uncertain whether there would be any water to spare from Jack-of-Clubs." We are happy to learn that at that point we were misinformed. We have since been assured by undoubted authority that the supply of water will be all that was anticipated, and that the utmost confidence is felt in the enterprise by its promoters. We are also assured that, however disconcerted a certain class may be, general faith in the richness of Cariboo is not only unshaken but is more firmly established than ever; and the fact that, with a smaller actual mining population, the yield exceeds that of any previous season affords tangible proof that there is no falling off.

AN OFFICIAL VISIT TO THE KOOTANAI.—We understand the Hon. A. N. Birch, Colonial Secretary, will leave for the Kootanaia country on Wednesday next.

THE RETURN OF A PIONEER.—E. Brown, Esq., one of our pioneer citizens, returned from England yesterday where he has been on a visit for the last twelve months.

ARRIVAL OF THE NEW TREASURER.—C. W. Franks, Esq., the new Treasurer of British Columbia, arrived by the steamer *Enterprise* last evening.

THE STR. "LILLOOET" returned from Douglas yesterday, and left for Victoria shortly after with a number of passengers.

THE STR. "RELANCE" returned from Yale yesterday, bringing an express, and a number of passengers.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

Sir,—I have just had my attention drawn to an article in which you disapprove of the policy of constructing a wagon road from the Mouth of Quesnelle to Williams Creek at a probable expense of \$300,000. Although the stand you have taken respecting this work is somewhat bold, and may make you unpopular with some here and at the Mouth of Quesnelle, I can conscientiously say that its correctness is admitted by all candid, reflecting men in Cariboo. There is, of course, no feeling of opposition to so large an expenditure of public money in this locality; and people naturally say, with a shrug of the shoulder, "If the Government chooses to make such a road we have no reason to object." The feeling is, however, that the work is unwise and unjustifiable, and that if the Colonial Treasury is really so flush a sweeping away of certain tolls and taxes would be more acceptable to the people and certainly more beneficial to the Colony, as a whole.

I have also observed your advocacy of the construction of a road connecting the Mouth of Quesnelle with Alexandria. In this you have public opinion with you, unless, indeed, we except a few would-be monopolists who are interested in steamboating here. If only one road were to be made I should unhesitatingly say, make the one between Alexandria and the Mouth of Quesnelle. The present road to Williams Creek is tolerably good as the new one will, just as good a winter road as the new one will, and during the latter season communication is practically suspended upon that route. There is in every community a class who are selfish enough to desire to see the entire revenue spent at their own door, who care not a fig about the prosperity of the country, so long as their private interests are served. But I am able truthfully to assert that even amongst the rough Cariboo miners this element is small, and thus it is that general common sense admits the impolicy of the work alluded to.

Williams Creek, August

Garibaldi at Ischia.

The Naples correspondent of the *Times* gives the following account of the circumstances under which Garibaldi went to Ischia:—

"The Duke of Sutherland, who returned to Naples on the 9th June, arrived at Capri before dawn on the 14th, having with him Lord Sefton, the Hon. Mr. Molyneux, and Dr. Palasciano. Garibaldi, whose early habits are well known in England, was soon on board, though it was between 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning, and the Duke was soon in readiness to receive him. Palasciano then joined them, and being left alone with Garibaldi, urged upon him the necessity of trying the sulphur baths of Ischia adding that this was the season, and that so good an occasion would never again present itself. Garibaldi and his Neapolitan doctor shortly after landed, and the Duke and his friends followed later. The visit to Ischia was again urged, and Garibaldi resolved on making it. During the morning the Duke and Palasciano, accompanied by Ricciotti, wandered about the island. While about two miles distant from the house of Garibaldi, they saw the flag of Italy hoisted, giving the dwelling of Cincinnatus the proportions of a palace. The Duke had brought with him a mast as a flagstaff, which was landed by the crew of the *Undine*, and on Garibaldi seeing it, and learning what it was, he exclaimed, 'Questo è troppo' (this is too much). During the absence of the Duke, and in the presence of Garibaldi alone, it was fixed and the Union Jack having been hoisted, was followed immediately by the flag of Victor Emmanuel. In the evening the *Undine* left Capri for Genoa, having on board, the Duke of Sutherland, Lord Sefton, the Hon. Mr. Molyneux, and Dr. Palasciano. On the evening of the 17th, the *Undine*, having been sent back from Genoa, arrived at Capri, and Garibaldi and his son, accompanied by ten other persons, consisting of some friends, his medical man, his secretary, and a couple of servants, went on board the same evening. At 6 o'clock on Saturday morning they started, and after a good run arrived at Ischia on Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. No one appeared to be aware of the fact; an English yacht lay off the island, and Mr. Cluse, the proprietor, went on board and offered a small carriage, which was declined. At about 2 o'clock Garibaldi landed; there were few persons present; there was no demonstration, and he who had conquered and given away a kingdom, mounted an ass and rode off to the Baths at Casamicciola. How long he will remain is doubtful, certainly not more than fifteen days; meanwhile the *Undine*, which came over to Naples on the 20th to coal and to undergo some slight repairs, is placed at his disposal. Such is a true and faithful report of a visit which will, no doubt create much unnecessary sensation and speculation. It is made solely with a view to health, and as the Duke of Sutherland would not have aided and abetted any other object, so also Garibaldi is a man of too high honor to pervert the kindness of his Grace to other purposes. The probabilities are that he will not visit Naples; he dislikes being mobbed, and is, I am convinced unwilling, at the present moment, to create any needless enthusiasm. One effect of the visit, has been to send Cardinal d'Andrea to Sorrento, instead of to Ischia, where he had intended to take the baths. This Cardinal is, indeed, of sufficient liberal tendencies, but he would lose every remnant of his character were he to approach anything so unholy as Garibaldi."

SPURGEON'S VOICE.—What a voice! Without any lifting up, its trumpet tones ring over the chapel, filling it with a pleasant stream of sound which must be heard as distinctly in the remotest corner as near the pulpit. Spurgeon's unique voice, pealing like a bugle, we shall not soon forget. This we think, is his principal charm. "A loud voice is a decided gift and endowment," says the *Times*. This is correct; and although we shall point out a cluster of rare excellencies in this, the most popular preacher in the world, we still cling to our first impression that no inconsiderable portion of Spurgeon's popularity arises from his matchless voice. It has not the full, musical, and organ-like tones of the late Dr. Newton's; nor the deep thrilling bass, and changing intonations of the late eloquent orator, Dr. Beaumont. It seemed to us to have a similar fulness to Mr. Rattenbury's, without the pathos and sobbing tones of that popular preacher; but Spurgeon's has a much greater flexibility, a sonority and ring, and a searching, lashing power, which render it quite unrivalled; and we doubt whether there is a speaker living who can blow his words to so great a distance. It is, moreover, quite musical, and falls on the listener's ear with agreeable cadences. "It is powerful, and well-managed; not a word is lost, and every word tells." Dr. Campbell exclaims "This matchless voice, whose sweet accent is distinctly heard in the remotest corner, and whose loudest thunder is still pleasant even to those within a few yards of him, crowns his emotional triumph. It is full as the swell of an organ, and yet clear as the martial trumpet. The popularity of its possessor will end only with his life."—*Rev. Richard Wrench*.

A MISTAKE.—Persons from the country coming to deal at the London House, having been misled as to the proper address, Messrs. Turner and Co. request them particularly to notice that their place of business is at the "London House," No. 6, Fort street, next door to Jay's nursery store, Victoria.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—Unparalleled Popularity.—The wonderful cures effected by these unequalled remedies in all parts of the world have won for them their present favour. Both Pills and Ointment are composed of ingredients which purify at the same time strengthen. No one can deny that health depends upon pure blood and the natural action of the animal organs. Both objects are effected without risk or danger by Holloway's medicaments, which are as innocent as they are potent. Internal disorders and external blemishes succumb to their power. These remedies, so applicable for the relief of the commonest complaints, are no less adequate to deal safely with the most formidable and dangerous diseases which can afflict mankind.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS heretofore carried on at Anderson Lake, B. C., under the company name of CHAPMAN & CO., will cease from this date, Mr. James Chapman withdrawing from the business in favor of Franklyn Roberts, and will be continued hereafter under the name of ROBERTS & CO.

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been appointed Administrator in the estate of WILLIAM WALLACE CUNNINGHAM, deceased, give notice that all claims against said estate must be presented at the store of G. B. WRIGHT & CO., Camerontown, Williams Creek, on or before the 1st day of September next. Any persons indebted to the estate will please make payments to either of the undersigned; and all parties holding in their possession any property belonging to the estate will please to notify us.

G. B. WRIGHT,
JOHN PERRIN.

Administrators of Estate of W. W. Cunningham.
Camerontown, July 24, 1864.

FOR SALE!

THREE SUBURBAN LOTS, two of which adjoin the city, and comprise the entire frontage of the north-west side of St. Patrick's Square, affording a delightful southern aspect, and charmingly situated for a residence.

ALSO—A Lot in the original survey of the city. Terms most reasonable.
Apply to WILLIAM CLARKSON,
Land & General Agent.
New Westminster, July 19, 1864.

BONSON & RICHARDS,
CARPENTERS, JOINERS

CABINET MAKERS

HAMIL STREET, NEAR THE CUSTOM HOUSE,
New Westminster.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully beg to announce that they are now prepared to execute orders in any branch of the above trades, on the most reasonable terms.

ESTIMATES, PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS made for every description of buildings.
Orders left at the Workshop will receive prompt attention.
de19-1m

Just Received and For Sale.

5000 lbs. CHOICE CALIFORNIA BACON.
200 Cases JEWELL & HARRISON'S LARD.
500 lbs. ENGLISH DAIRY CHEESE.

By PICTH & HOTT.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY!

THE SUBSCRIBER, BEING THE PIONEER OF this city, is well acquainted with every town and suburban Lot, and most of the rural Lots at present surveyed in this District. He has made it a part of his business during the past five years to examine Lots, and has had considerable experience in purchasing and selling Real Estate, and is well posted in regard to the actual value of Land.

Parties who are desirous of purchasing or selling

TOWN, SUBURBAN OR RURAL LANDS

will find it to their advantage to place the same in his hands.

All business in the GENERAL AGENCY line attended to.

Charges Moderate.

WILLIAM CLARKSON,
General Agent and Auctioneer.
New Westminster, May 11, 1864.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS are forbid purchasing, or negotiating for, two Notes of Bond, made by W. R. GIBSON, in favor of F. B. DECKER, for \$350 each, the one payable on or about the 1st of September, 1864, the other payable on the 1st of December, 1864, as those Notes have been obtained under false pretences, and I never received any value for them, and will not pay them.

W. R. GIBSON.
Port Douglas, B. C., August 4, 1864.

TO RENT.

A COTTAGE, with 2 of an acre of Ground well adapted for gardening purposes, and within five minutes walk of the Liverpool Wharf.

Apply to WILLIAM CLARKSON,
Land & General Agent.

New Westminster, July 18, 1864.

FRENCH'S FISH MARKET,

FRONT STREET,
New Westminster.

In the above Market will always be found, in season,

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked.

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAME.

Shipping Orders Promptly attended to.

FREDERICK KAYE & CO.
New Westminster, July 5, 1864.

New Boot and Shoe Shop

MARY STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY.

Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN
New Westminster Feb. 1861.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning,
and sent by Express.

To Every part of the Colony,
as well as to
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon
and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
of every description executed in a Prompt and Work-
MAN-LIKE MANNER.

The British Columbian.
NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, AUG. 27, 1864.

Poetry.

Little Sue.

Pleasant smile and kindly words;
Gentlest eyes of blue;
Carol sweet as summer birds;
Loving little Sue!
Ray fingers all the day,
Willing fingers too;
Footsteps eager to obey;
Useful little Sue!
Ready tears for others' woes,
Blessing like the dew;
Whispers falling soft and low;
Thoughtful little Sue!
Trusting heart to Jesus given,
Loving, earnest, true;
Garland bright laid up in Heaven;
Happy little Sue!

Miscellaneous Items.

WONDERFUL GROWTH OF LONDON.—The London Star has a suggestive article on the map of that city, which covers "twenty-four sheets." The great city adds to its houses about twelve thousand a year, and yet retains much of the semi-rural beauty of country towns and villages. It extends its boundaries as fast as it increases the number of its dwellings and inhabitants. London now includes eight parliamentary cities and boroughs, 186 parishes and 130 square miles. The Star says it is wonderful and pleasant to say that among the homes of three millions of people, all within a radius of twelve miles, there is as much variety of surface and scenery, so many green and airy spaces, such healthful amplitude of room, such snug retreats from dirt and noise. On the face of the map and in the pages of the directory there are spots of more than picturesque appearance—verdant and sylvan, rustic in the purity of atmosphere, and urban in all the appliances of domestic architecture, drainage, lighting, water supply and conveyance.

AN INCIDENT OF THE AMERICAN WAR.—All day Saturday, a wounded officer of a New Hampshire regiment lay some twenty yards in front of General Marston's works, unable to crawl in, and the rebel sharpshooters would suffer none to go out for him. He had fallen the day before in the morning assault, and the lines as finally established left him midway between friend and enemy. One man had been severely wounded in attempting to reach him. Hard bread was shied out to him in abundance, but a dozen canteens were thrown before one lodged within his grasp. Finally, night setting in, opens a chance to get him off. A zigzag is started from the main works, men work with zeal and well-directed muscle, but noiselessly, as though they were the original managing directors of "Off in the Silly Night." Three hours of such work and the wounded man is reached, is pulled into the trench, is carried triumphantly back its tacking course, and then is received behind cover with great cheers. The cheers caused a volley, but the volley is harmless, and the man is saved. —American paper.

ROMANTIC MARRIAGE OF AN INDIAN PRINCE.—A correspondent writes to us from Alexandria on the 26th ult.:—The Maharajah Duleep Singh is here. When passing through Cairo, on his way to India with his mother's body, he saw and fell in love with a girl at the Presbyterian Mission School, the daughter of one of the partners in a leading English mercantile house, and after some hesitation on her part the matter is settled, and they are to be married in a few weeks. The American missionary tells me that she is one of the most beautiful girls, both in person and in character, that he has ever seen or known, and, like the Maharajah himself, is a devout Christian.

KEY LOST—\$1,000 REWARD.—Lost, near Fort Barry, "the key to Richmond," which, as was announced by the Republican papers, was entrusted to the keeping of the subscriber. It is supposed to have been taken by a fellow named Beauregard, who violently assaulted, battered and thrashed the subscriber, causing him to skeddaddle in such haste that he dropped the key. The above reward will be paid in Lincolnshire to any one who will restore it. —BEN BUTLER. —Fort Wayne (Indiana) Sentinel.

PHILANTHROPY DURING THE WAR.—A little volume, said to have been prepared with great care, has been published in New York, which gives from official and other authentic sources a full and faithful narrative of all contributions offered by the people to the support of their armies and to the solace of the sufferers by the war. We learn from it that the total contributions from States, counties and towns, for the aid and relief of soldiers and their families, have amounted to over one hundred and eighty-seven millions of dollars (\$187,209,608.62); that the contributions for the care and comfort of soldiers by associations and individuals, has amounted to over twenty-four millions (\$24,044,865.96); that the contributions at the same time for sufferers abroad have been \$380,140.74; and that the contributions for freedmen, sufferers by the N.Y. riot of July and white refugees have been \$639,644.13, making a grand total, exclusive of the expenditures of the government, of more than two hundred millions of dollars (\$212,974,259.49). —Am. Paper.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

New Advertisements.

MACLURE & TURNBULL,
(LATE OF THE ROYAL ENGINEERS.)
Surveyors, Civil Engineers,
Auctioneers, Land and General Agents,
OFFICE ON COLUMBIA ST., NEW WESTMINSTER,
Opposite Mr. Holbrook's Store.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, in devoting attention to the above branches of business believe that, from many years service in various parts of the British Empire, they possess such a thorough knowledge of the Surveying and Engineering profession as will warrant them in soliciting public patronage.

JOHN MACLURE,
JAMES TURNBULL.

New Westminster, B. C.,
November 24, 1863.

NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS to the ROYAL COLUMBIAN HOSPITAL are hereby informed that the Treasurer, Mr. JOHN COOPER, will call upon them during the next few days, and as the Institution is greatly in need of funds, it is earnestly requested that the Subscribers will pay the amount of their subscriptions when called upon.

Subscription Lists are to be found with each member of the Finance Committee, Messrs. Armstrong, Cormack and Cooper.

JAMES COOPER, President.

BENSON'S WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT, TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Opinions of the London Press upon Benson's Great Clock and Watches in the Exhibition, 1862.

"As a sample of English clock-work on a large scale, the works of this are probably the finest finished that have ever been seen in this country. No Chronometer could be fitted with more perfect work than these." —Standard, June 17, 1862.

"Some of them are of great beauty; and if the English watch-trade only follow up with the same spirit and success this first attempt to compete with foreign-land in decorative watches, there seems to be no reason why we should not get the trade entirely into our own hands." —Times, June 23, 1862.

"Ranged around the base of the clock were the Watches which Mr. Benson exhibited, and which have been universally admired for the beauty and elegance of the designs engraved upon them. The movements of the designs are of the finest quality which the art of horology is at present capable of producing. The clock and watches were objects of great attraction, and well repaid the trouble of an inspection." —Illustrated London News, November 8, 1862.

Watches, adapted for every class, climate and country, wholesale and retail. Chronometer, Duplex, Lever, Horizontal, Vertical, Repeating, Centre Seconds, Keyless, Astronomical, Reversible and Chronograph, from 200 guineas to 3 guineas each.

Clocks.—Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Library, Hall, Staircase, Bracket, Carriage, Chimney, Musical, Astronomical, Church, Turret, Stable, Railway, Post-office, Shop, Warehouse, Office or Counting-house, from 1,000 guineas to 21 s. each.

Benson's Illustrated Watch Pamphlet will be sent Post free for Six Stamps, contains a short history of Watchmaking, with description and prices of every kind of Watch now made, and from which merchants and others can select and have their orders sent by post to India, the Colonies, or any part of the world.

Post-office Orders, Bankers' Drafts, or Bills upon London Houses must be made payable and addressed to
JAMES W. BENSON,
WATCH & CLOCK MANUFACTURER,
43 & 44, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

LUMBER.
CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber,
—ALSO—
DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.
J. A. R. HOMER.
New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861.

Mrs. KIRKWOOD,
DRESS MAKER,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
Spalding Street, New Westminster, B. C.

The latest Ladies' Fashions from Paris on hand, an inspection of which is respectfully invited

New Advertisements.

THE SUFFERER'S BEST FRIEND. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

All Disorders affecting the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

These Pills can be confidently recommended as the most simple and certain remedy for indigestion, flatulency, acidity, heartburn, colic, constipation, and all the many maladies resulting from disordered stomach or bowels. In all diseases it is of primary importance to set the stomach right. These Pills are purifiers, alteratives, and strengtheners of the stomach. They may be taken under any circumstances. Though powerfully tonic, and satisfactorily aperient, they are mild in their operation, and beneficial to the whole system.

Weakness and Debility, Nervous Irritability.

The wholesome effect exercised by these admirable Pills over the blood and fluids generally is like a charm in dispelling low spirits, and restoring cheerfulness. Their general aperient qualities will fit them for a domestic medicine, particularly for females of all ages and periods of life. They never betray any disagreeable irritating qualities; they quickly eject all impurities from the system, and regulate every function of the body, giving wonderful tone and energy to weak and debilitated persons, while they brace and strengthen the nervous system in a most extraordinary manner.

To Regain Health, Strength and Vigour.

Whenever persons find themselves in that state termed a "little out of health," and there are so many causes at work to shorten life, it is necessary that Holloway's Pills, the finest purifier of the blood ever known, should be at once taken, as they not only rid both solids and fluids of all morbid matters, but regulate all disordered actions, and strengthen the frame in a most extraordinary manner.

Old Coughs, Colds and Asthmatical Affections.

These Pills, assisted in their action by rubbing Holloway's Ointment very effectually twice a day upon the throat and chest, and keeping those parts covered with the preparation, will be found the most effectual remedy for asthma, coughs, colds, bronchitis, and influenza. These remedies tranquilize the hurried breathing, soothe the irritated air-tubes, and assist in dislodging the phlegm which stops up the air-passages. This treatment has proved wonderfully efficient in not only curing old settled colds, but asthma of many years standing, and even when patients who were in so bad a state as not able to lie down on their beds lest they be choked with phlegm.

Derangement and Distention of the Bowels, Flatulency, Diarrhoea and Dysentery.

Any symptoms of the above complaints should be immediately met by appropriate doses of these Pills, according to the printed directions; delay may be followed by disastrous consequences. These Pills are a certain remedy for all the ailments of the alimentary canal, they secure the thorough digestion of the food, and act most kindly on the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys. As a household medicine they are unrivalled, and should always be at hand.

Very Important, of Costiveness Beware.

Rarely but little notice is taken of costiveness, yet, at certain periods, it is a sure sign that danger is near. All who are seized with epoplexy and paralysis, have previously suffered from costiveness. In the former case the blood flies to the head, a small vein is ruptured on the brain, and we know the rest. Let wives counsel their husbands, and husbands their wives, never to go to bed a second night, if the bowels have not been properly moved during the day, particularly if they feel heavy and drowsy. A few gentle doses of these Pills will regulate the circulation of the blood, and all dangerous symptoms.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Asthma	Fever of all kinds	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Bilious Complaints	Fits	Sore Throat
Blotches on the skin	Gout	Stone and Gravel
Bowel Complaints	Head-ache	Secondary Symp-toms
Colic	Indigestion	Tic Douloureux
Constipation of the Bowels	Inflammation	Tumors
Debility	Jandice	Veneral Affections
Dysentery	Liver Com-plaints	Worms of all kinds
Erysipelas	Lumbago	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
	Piles	
	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1ld., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

* * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

LOUIS HAUTIER'S HOTEL.
—AND—
BILLIARD SALOON,
Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent Liquors and Cigars kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate.

Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at low prices.
Lytton City, November 10, 1862.

BOSTON BAR HOTEL.
BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, etc. Prices very low.
JOLIEUR & CO.
Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861.

New Advertisements.

PRINTING

—FOR THE—

MILLION!

Posters,

Circulars,

Bill-Heads,

Business Cards,

Steamboat Tickets,

Programmes,

Way-Bills,

Pamphlets,

Labels,

—AND—

Printed Forms

of every description, executed in a manner that

WILL DEFY COMPETITION!

Every Business Man should use printed Bill-heads, as they not only save time, but look more business-like, and serve as an advertisement.

Every Keeper of Public House should have printed Cards for distribution amongst the Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to exhibit on Steamboats, and in Hotels, &c.

Every Steamboat Owner, Merchant, Trader, Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business in this Colony, should get his Printing done in the office of the

'BRITISH COLUMBIAN,'

LYTTON SQUARE,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

WHERE

ENTIRE SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may concern, that having recently made extensive additions to

THE PRINTING PLANT

of the "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, he is now prepared to execute with promptitude every description

Plain and Ornamental

JOB PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare favorably with any office upon the Pacific coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON.
New Westminster, B. C., May, 1864.

New Advertisements.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance wherever this medicament is applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferer themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed time with advantage; and most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout & Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected, even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm & other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will be readily improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before, and which should not be promoted; perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps & all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat; this course will at once remove inflammation and alloration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.

Scrofula or King's Evil and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure the liver, stomach and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Chapped Hands.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Elephantiasis.	Sore Throats.
Bunions.	Piles.	Skin Diseases.
Bites of Mosquitoes and Sand-Flies.	Gout.	Scrofula.
Coco-bay.	Glandular Swellings.	Sore-heads.
Chieftoo-foot.	Lumbago.	Tumors.
Corns (soft).	Piles.	Ulcers.
Cancers.	Rheumatism.	Wounds.
Chilblains.		Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1ld., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

* * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

LOWE BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Provisions, Groceries, French Wines,

LIQUORS AND HAVANA CIGARS.

WINE'S BLOCK, WHARF STREET,

ap6 VICTORIA, V. I.

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.

Commission Merchants.

WHARF STREET,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

H. N. DICKSON & CO.,

DICKSON, DEWOLF & CO.,

Lytton City.

W. GRIEVE,

Tailor and Clothier,

Two Doors East of the Colonial Hotel,

Columbia Street.

ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style.

Printed and published every Wednesday and Saturday, by John Robson, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the Colony of British Columbia.